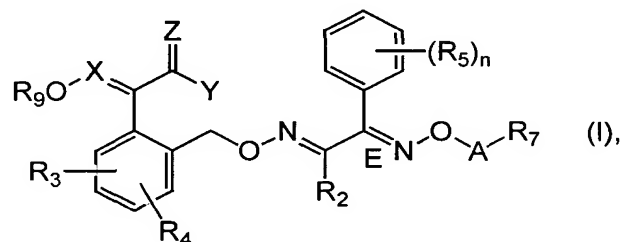


## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions of claims in the application.

Claim 1 (currently amended) A process for the preparation of a compound of the formula



and, where appropriate, their tautomers, in each case in the free form or salt form, in which

either [

] X is CH or N, Y is OR, and Z is O, or [

] X is N, Y is NHR<sub>8</sub> and Z is O, S or S(=O);

R<sub>1</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl;

R<sub>2</sub> is H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, halogeno-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>cycloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxymethyl;

R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> independently of one another are H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy, OH, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, a (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl)<sub>3</sub>-Si group, where the alkyl groups can be identical or different, halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl)S(=O)<sub>m</sub>, (halogeno-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl)S(=O)<sub>m</sub>, halogeno-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl or halogeno-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy;

R<sub>5</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, halogeno-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, halogeno-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylthio, halogen-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfinyl, halogeno-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, halogeno-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, halogeno-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylthio-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, halogeno-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylthio-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfinyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, halogeno-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulfinyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulfonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, halogeno-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulfonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonyl, halogeno-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, halogeno-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylaminocarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxyiminomethyl; di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)-amino-carbonyl, where the alkyl groups can be identical or different; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl-aminothiocarbonyl; di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)aminothiocarbonyl, where the alkyl groups

- can be identical or different; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylamino, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)-amino, where the alkyl groups can be identical or different; halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, SF<sub>5</sub>, thioamido, thiocyanatomethyl; an unsubstituted or mono- to tetrasubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkylenedioxy group, where the substituents are selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl and halogen; or QR<sub>6</sub>, where, if n is greater than 1, the radicals R<sub>5</sub> can be identical or different;
- R<sub>6</sub> is C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkenyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, which are unsubstituted or substituted by 1 to 3 halogen atoms; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl)<sub>3</sub>Si, where the alkyl groups can be identical or different; CN or an unsubstituted or mono- to pentasubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>cyclo-alkyl, aryl or heterocyclyl group, where the substituents are selected from the group consisting of halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, halogeno- C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, halogeno-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, phenoxy, naphthoxy and CN;
- A ~~either~~ is a direct bond, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>alkylene, -C(=O)-, -C(=S)- or halogeno- C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>alkylene and R<sub>7</sub> is a radical R<sub>10</sub>, [ ] or A is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>alkylene, -C(=O)-, -C(=S)- or halogeno- C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>alkylene and R<sub>7</sub> is OR<sub>10</sub>, N(R<sub>10</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, where the radicals R<sub>10</sub> can be identical or different, or -S(=O)<sub>q</sub>R<sub>10</sub>;
- R<sub>8</sub> is H or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl;
- R<sub>9</sub> is methyl, fluoromethyl or difluoromethyl;
- R<sub>10</sub> is H; an unsubstituted or substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkenyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkynyl group, where the substituents are selected from the group consisting of halogen; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl)<sub>3</sub>Si, where the alkyl groups can be identical or different; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>cyclo-alkyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen; unsubstituted or substituted aryl, where the substituents are selected from the group consisting of halogen, halogeno-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl and CN; a (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)<sub>3</sub>Si group, where the alkyl groups can be identical or different; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>cycloalkyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxycarbonyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen; or an unsubstituted or substituted aryl or heterocyclyl group, where the substituents are selected from the group consisting of halogen and halogeno-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl;

Q is a direct bond, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkylene, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkenylene, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkynylene, O, O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylene), (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylene)O, S(=O)<sub>p</sub>, S(=O)<sub>p</sub>(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylene) or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylene)S(=O)<sub>p</sub>;

m is 0, 1 or 2;

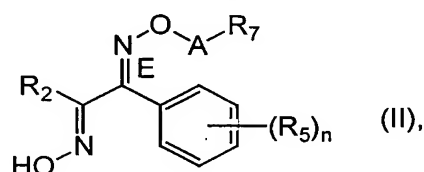
n is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5;

p is 0, 1 or 2; and

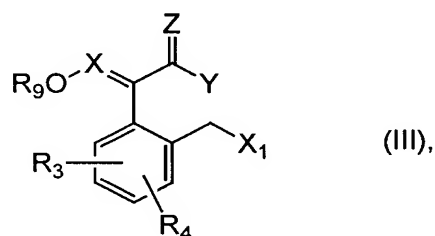
q is 0, 1 or 2,

and the C=N double bond marked with E has the E configuration, which comprises

a1) reacting ~~either~~ a compound of the formula



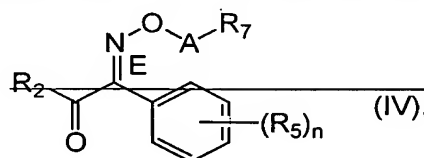
in which A, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>7</sub> and n are as defined for formula (I) and the C=N double bond marked with E has the E configuration, or a ~~possible~~ tautomer thereof, in each case in the free form or in salt form, with a compound of the formula



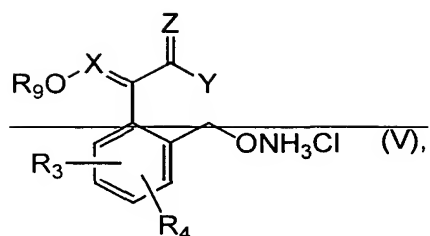
in which X, Y, Z, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>9</sub> are as defined for formula (I) and X<sub>1</sub> is a leaving group, or a tautomer thereof, in each case in the free form or in salt form, ~~or~~

wherein the compound of formula (II) is obtained by

~~[a2) reacting a compound of the formula~~

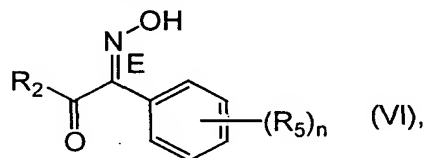


~~in which A, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>7</sub> and n are as defined for formula (I) and the C=N double bond marked with E has the E configuration, or a possible tautomer thereof, in each case in the free form or in the salt form, with a compound of the formula~~

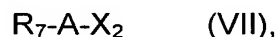


~~in which X, Y, Z, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>9</sub> are as defined for formula (I), or, if appropriate, a tautomer thereof, in each case in the free form or in salt form, or]~~

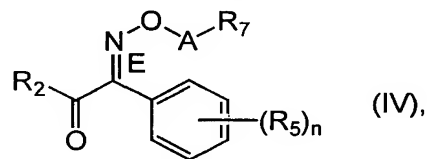
b1) reacting a compound of the formula



in which R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>5</sub> and n are as defined for formula (I) and the C=N double bond marked with E has the E configuration, or a ~~[possible]~~ tautomer thereof, in each case in the free form or in salt form, with a compound of the formula



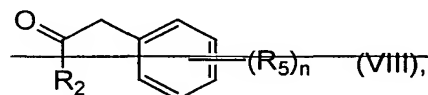
in which A and R<sub>7</sub> are as defined for formula (I) and X<sub>2</sub> is a leaving group, ~~[and either further reacting the]~~ to form a compound ~~[thus obtainable,]~~ of the formula (IV) ~~[, for example according to method a2), or]~~



in which A, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>7</sub> and n are as defined for formula (I) and the C=N double bond marked with E has the E configuration, or a tautomer thereof, and

b2) further reacting [it] the compound of the formula (IV) with hydroxylamine or a salt thereof [and further reacting] to form the compound [thus obtainable,] of the formula (II), ~~[for example according to method a1), or]~~

~~[c) reacting a compound of the formula~~



~~in which R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>5</sub> and n are as defined for formula (I),~~

~~or a possible tautomer thereof, in each case in the free form or in salt form, with a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl nitrite and further reacting the compound thus obtainable, of the formula (VI), for example according to method b)].~~

Claims 2-22 (canceled)

Claim 23 (currently amended) A process according to claim ~~[22]~~ 1, wherein a compound of the formula (VII) in which X<sub>2</sub> is halogen is used.

Claim 24 (currently amended) A process according to claim ~~[22]~~ 1, wherein a compound of the formula (VII) in which X<sub>2</sub> is chlorine is used.

Claim 25 (currently amended) A process according to claim ~~[22]~~ 1, wherein the reaction of the compound of the formula (VI) with the compound of the formula (VII) is carried out in the presence of a base.

Claim 26 (original) A process according to claim 25, wherein the reaction is carried out in the presence of a base selected from the group consisting of alkali metal and alkaline earth metal hydroxides, hydrides, amides, alkanolates, acetates, carbonates, dialkylamides and alkylsilylamides.

Claim 27 (original) A process according to claim 26, wherein the base is potassium carbonate.

Claim 28 (currently amended) A process according to claim ~~[22]~~ 1, wherein the reaction of the compound of the formula (VI) with the compound of the formula (VII) is carried out in the presence of a solvent or diluent or of a mixture thereof.

Claim 29 (original) A process according to claim 28, wherein the solvent is selected from the group consisting of acetonitrile and propionitrile.

Claim 30 (currently amended) A process according to claim ~~[29]~~ 28, wherein the reaction is carried out in acetonitrile.

Claim 31 (currently amended) A process according to claim ~~[22]~~ 1, wherein the reaction of the compound of the formula (VI) with the compound of the formula (VII) is carried out in a temperature range from about 10° to about 80°.

Claim 32 (currently amended) A process according to claim ~~[22]~~ 1, wherein the duration of the reaction of the compound of the formula (VI) with the compound of the formula (VII) is between about 0.5 and about 2 hours.

Claims 33-71 (canceled)